



## *WSInject*

# A Fault Injection Tool for Testing Web Services Composition

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# Topics

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- ❑ Web services - Fault injection
- ❑ Fault injection tools for Web services
- ❑ WSInject
- ❑ Case study : The Travel Reservation Service

# Web services

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- ❑ Application components communicating over the Internet
- ❑ Features
  - Communication based on standard Web protocols :HTTP,XML,SOAP...
  - Platforms and languages independent
  - Reusable and modular applications

# Fault injection

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## ❑ Definition

*Deliberate introduction of faults into a **running** system to observe its behavior*

## ❑ Applicability

- To verify whether the error detection and recovery mechanisms behave as expected.
- To evaluate dependability measures such as reliability for a given mission time, availability, performance degradation due to fault handling.
- To understand the effects of real faults.

# Fault injection tools for Web services

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- ❑ Faults can be injected both at interface and communication levels
  - Interface faults
    - Corrupting input/output messages & parameter values
  - Communication faults
    - Delay, reorder, replicate messages

# Fault injection tools for Web services

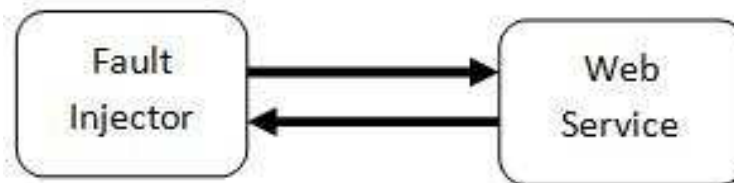
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## ❑ Network level fault injectors

- DOCTOR[1], Orchestra [2], DEFINE [3]...
- Not able to decode SOAP messages → No interface faults !

## ❑ Web services fault injectors

- WSBang [4], PUPPET[5], GENESIS [6]...



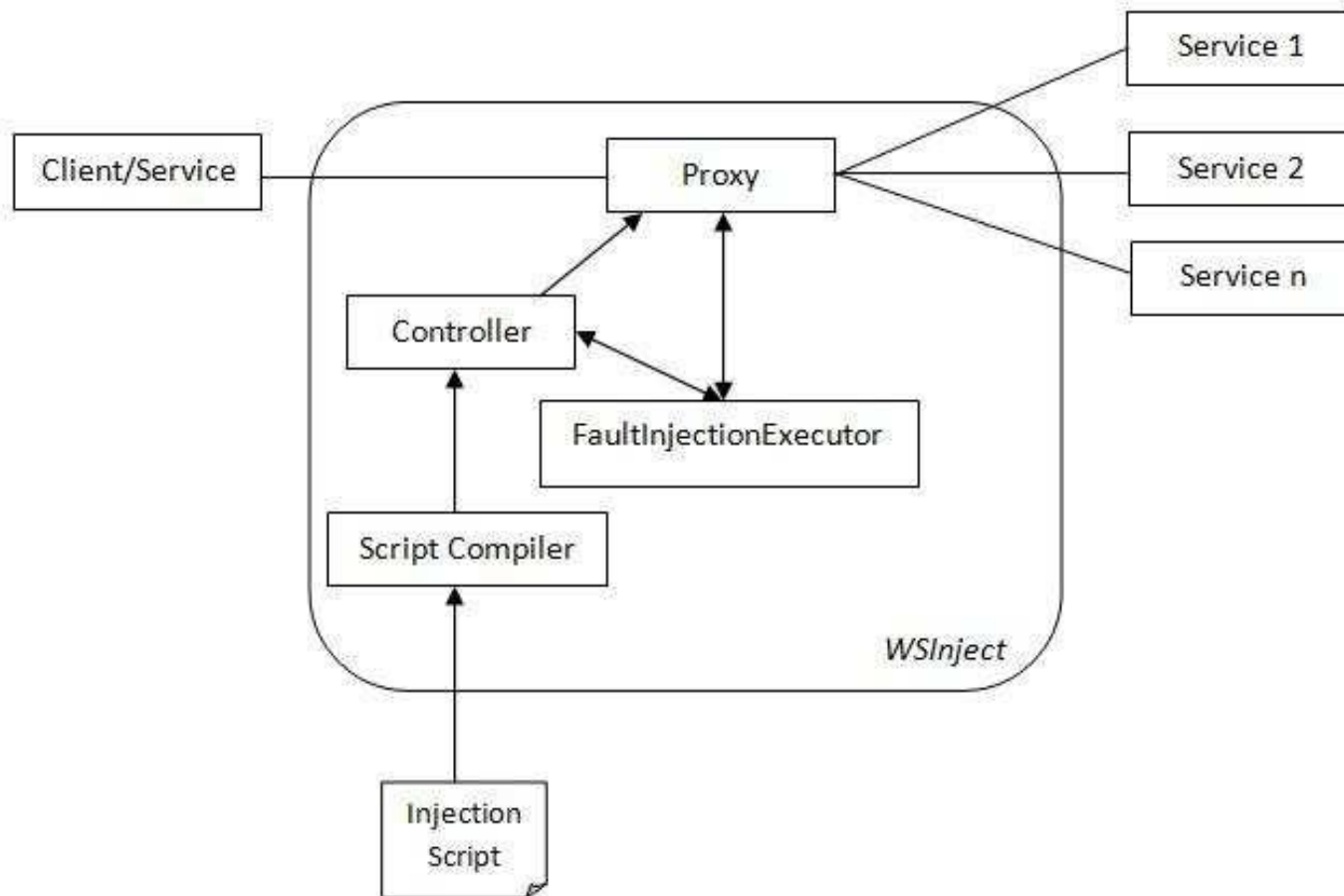
- Consume the tested service
  - ➔ No communication faults !
  - ➔ Cannot be used to test composed services

# WSInject

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- ❑ A Web service fault injector able to inject both interface and communication faults
- ❑ Can be used to test both real and simulated services
- ❑ It can inject faults on both single and composed services

# WSInject : Architecture





# WSInject : Injection script

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- ❑ A script-driven fault injector
- ❑ An injection script is a set of conditions-actions statements

```
CampaignDescriptor -> FaultInjectionStatement [CampaignDescriptor]
```

```
FaultInjectionStatement -> ConditionSet : FaultList ; [FaultInjectionStatement]
```

```
ConditionSet -> Condition [&& ConditionSet]
```

```
Condition -> operation(String) | contains(String) | uri(String) |  
isRequest() | isResponse()
```

```
FaultList -> Fault [, FaultList]
```

```
Fault -> delay(Integer) | multiply(String,Integer) | stringCorrupt(String,String) |  
xPathCorrupt(String, String) | empty() | CloseConnection ()
```

# WSInject : Injection script

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## □ Examples

```
Operation («LoginRequest »): delay(5000);
```

```
Operation («LoginRequest») && contains («<username> Bob </username>»):  
    xpathCorrupt («//username/text()», «XXXX»);
```

# WSInject : GUI

The screenshot displays the WSInject application window. At the top, there are menu options: File, Proxy, Log, Script, and Database. Below the menu is a table with the following data:

#	Http Code	Start Time	Finish Time	Requester	URI
163	500	11:51:36	11:51:57	localhost:33253	http://localhost:18181/TravelReservationService/buildItinerary
164	202	11:51:36	11:51:36	localhost:50887	http://moncompte-laptop:8080/webservice/AirlineReservatio...
165	202	11:51:36	11:51:36	localhost:50889	http://localhost:18181/TravelReservationService/airlineReser...
166	202	11:51:36	11:51:36	localhost:50891	http://moncompte-laptop:8080/webservice/VehicleReservati...
167		11:51:36		localhost:50893	http://localhost:18181/TravelReservationService/vehicleRese...

Below the table are two buttons: "Remove Selected" and "Remove All".

The bottom section of the window is split into two tabs: "Request" and "Response".

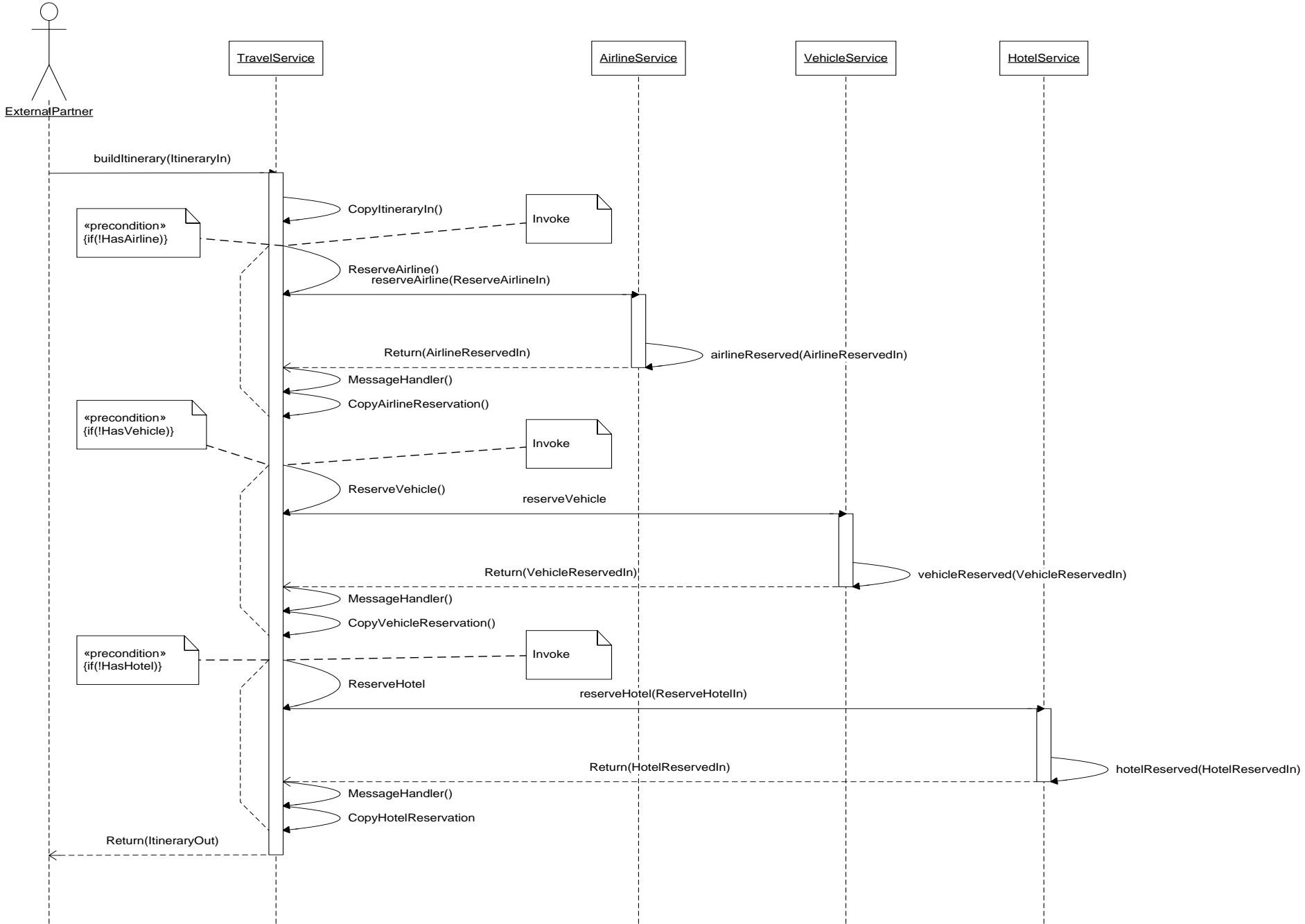
**Request XML:**

```
<ItineraryRef type="14" ID="M839LWNN">
  <UniqueID>M839LWNN</UniqueID>
</ItineraryRef>
<CustomerInfos>
  <CustomerInfo RPH="01">
    <Customer>
      <PersonName>
        <NamePrefix>Mr.</NamePrefix>
        <GivenName>Robert</GivenName>
```

**Response XML:**

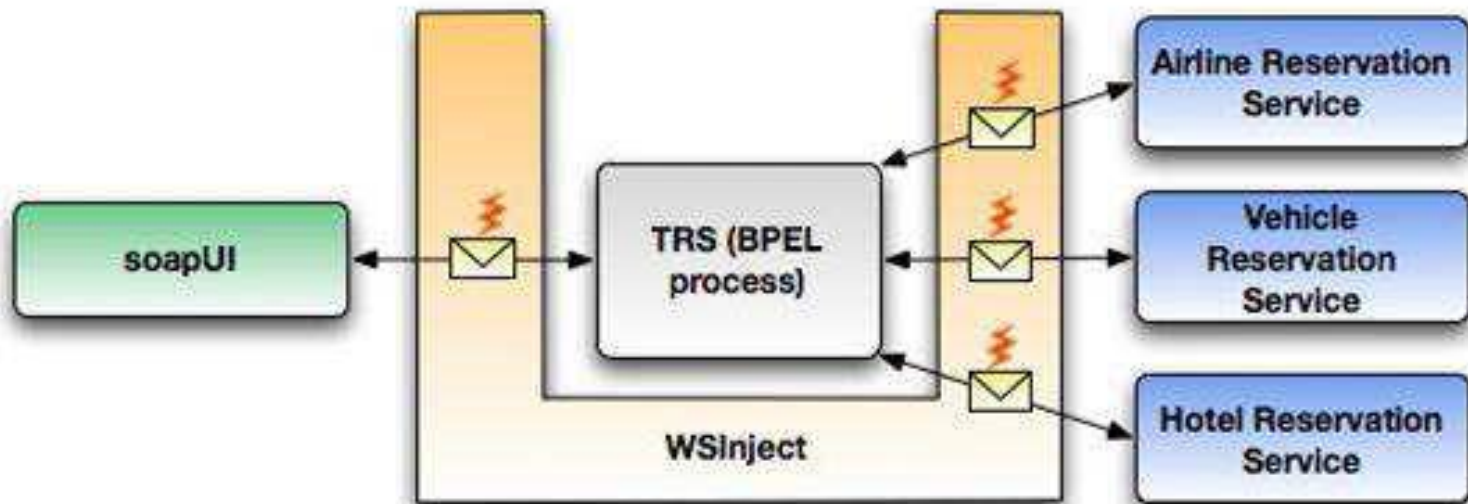
```
<MiddleName>Anthony</MiddleName>
<Surname>Jones</Surname>
</PersonName>
<Telephone PhoneNumber="2241630" Area
<Email>rajones@somewhere.org</Email>
<Address FormattedInd="true">
  <StreetNmbr PO_Box="P.O. Box 77">145
  <CityName>Westminster</CityName>
```

At the bottom of the window, it says "Script: Loaded Proxy: Started".



# Experimentations & Results

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# Experimentations & Results

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## □ Injection process

### ➤ Interface faults

- Corrupting string and integer values of SOAP messages
- Structure corruption:  
Replicate/ Delete XML elements, inverse opening and closing tags

### ➤ Communication faults

- Message delaying and simulation of connection loss

# Experimentations & Results

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- wsAS crash scale [8] defines two failure modes :  
***Abort*** and ***Silent***

Injected faults	wsAS scale	
	Silent failure	Abort failure
Corruption of parameter values	<b>X</b>	
Corruption of message structure		
Delaying requests	<b>X</b>	
Delaying responses		<b>X</b>
Empty messages		<b>X</b>
Message replication		

# References

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- [2] F. Jahanian S. Dawson and T. Mitton. Orchestra: A probing and fault injection environment for testing protocol implementations,. *In Proceedings of IEEE International computer performance and dependability symposium. Urbana- Champaign, IL, USA, 1996.*
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Thank you